

LES INITIATIVES POUR LA STANDARDISATION DES DONNÉES D'IMAGERIE MARINE

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Challenges

Big data sets to process A.I. approaches/machine learning

Variety of annotation tools Convergence/compatibility

Taxonomy on images Dedicated identification keys, references and standardization



Findable Accessible Interoperable Reusable

Towards FAIRness

Develop a set of **common best practices**, build foundation for taxon and morphology resolving methods such as classical microscopy and in situ devices

With new observational tools producing datasets of potentially high spatial, temporal, taxonomic and morphological resolution, it is imperative that we develop adaptable **informatics solutions to ensure that these data sets continue to serve the evolving needs of a broad range of users**



Standardisation - Workflow

Schoening, T. et al.

An acquisition, curation and management workflow for sustainable, terabyte-scale marine image analysis

Sci. Data 5:180181 doi: 10.1038/sdata.2018.181 (2018)



Schematic overview of the proposed image data workflow from acquisition through curation and management



Applied to the AUV use case



Standardisation - Workflow

STAVIRO and MICADO standardized protocols and workflow - **PAMPA** Format (D. Pelletier)

Standardized protocols and workflow from image collection to Essential Biological Variables/Essential Ocean Variables production (Working Groups **MBON**, D. Pelletier)

Manual **annotation guidelines** for the purpose of machine-learning algorithms development towards automatic identification on submarine images (**ALLOHa**)







Standardisation - References

Althaus, F. et al.

A Standardised Vocabulary for Identifying Benthic Biota and Substrata from Underwater Imagery: The CATAMI Classification Scheme

PLoS ONE 10(10): e0141039. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0141039 (2015)



Image: State State

Howell, KL. et al.

A framework for the development of a global standardised marine taxon reference image database (SMarTaR-ID) to support imagebased analyses

PLoS ONE 14(12): e0218904. https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0218904 (2019)

SMarTaR-ID conceptual model



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Standardisation - Data

FathomNet is a publicly available database that makes use of existing (and future), expertly curated data from a number of sources (Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute (MBARI))

FathomNet will provide much-needed training data (e.g., annotated and localized imagery) for developing machine learning algorithms that will enable fast, sophisticated analysis of visual data.





Source: https://www.mbari.org/fathomnet/



Standardisation - Data

<u>iFDO</u> - image FAIR Digital Object

Marine image data collections need a set of standardized metadata to achieve FAIRness of the data for open publication. An entire image set (e.g. deployment, station, dive, mission) requires information on the ownership and allowed usage of the collection. Numerical metadata is required for each image on its acquisition position. It is recommended to provide further optional metadata based on the imaging use case.

The iFDO standard defines a format to structure such metadata.

Quick facts

iFDOs are made for photos (still images) and videos (moving images) iFDOs consist of an image-set-header an image-set-items part iFDOs group metadata fields in three sections: iFDO core, iFDO capture and iFDO content

iFDO core fields are mandatory

iFDO capture and content fields are optional but recommended iFDO fields can be mapped to many other metadata standards iFDOs make image data FAIR without requiring them to be open, accessrestriction remains possible

The iFDO documentation is written with Python implementation in mind



iFDO infrastructure environment **GEOMAR** World Register of Marine Species QA/QC BIIGLE Report **BIS** API CATAMI SMarTaR-ID CCZ-Atlas



Standardisation Initiatives

ISA Workshop on Enhancing Image-based Biodiversity Assessments To Advance Deep-sea Taxonomy (October 2021) – *Kerry Howell (Plymouth Univ.)* Acquisition, data archiving and exchange, reference catalogue

JNCC Annotation Standard Workshop (January 2022) – Kerry Howell et al.

FathomNet Workshop (March-April 2022) – Kakani Katija (MBARI)

i-Atlantic Imaging the Ocean Webinar (May 2022)

Challenger 150 megafaunal image-based technical working group standards in image analysis (May 2022**)** – Kerry Howell (Plymouth Univ.)

Image annotations inventory



<u>Needs :</u> Promotion Collaboration ML algorithm integration Big Data models

<u>But :</u> No interoperability ML algorithm are not friendly to use No collaboration for big data Proposed solution: Data structuration Images generation and cleaning of results ML algorithm integration Export for big data based collaboration Graphical interface

=> Annotations Toolbox : ATb

Annotations toolbox - ATb

Proposed solution: Python graphical interface





ATb via Datarmor \rightarrow to train a model

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	Annotations Toolbox - Machine Learning ATb_ML_maskrcnn				
	Mask R-CNN (Tensorflow)				
	Mask R-CNN model training(local) Mask R-CNN model training(Datarmor) label				
	output repertory (BROWSER can be used)				
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label					
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BROWSER: path to the .csv ATb-based data	BROWSER: source code directory - /image_annotations/ path -				
output directory (BROWSER can be used)	weights path file (.h5) (BROWSER can be used)	.1	Mask R-Cl	NN predio	tion ?
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path to the images (BROWSER can be used)	COCO weights path				
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	step per epoch (default = 100):				
	100				
	number of epochs (default = 100):				
	100				
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ATb_export



Conclusion flowchart





Perspectives

- **iMagine** Project
- HEU <u>call</u>"Integration of biodiversity monitoring data into the Digital Twin Ocean"

to address the challenge of integrating image data (and information derived from it) into biodiversity assessment (including making image data FAIR and public, accessible to crowd annotation etc., including Al application, providing a link from annotations to OBIS, automated habitat mapping from annotation data, building a digital twin around annotations and habitat maps, etc.).

4th Marine Imaging Workshop



Merci pour votre attention



Standardisation Initiatives

FathomNet has many potential uses

Four key communities that FathomNet can benefit:

- 1. **Taxonomists:** Provide collaborative, global marine life key with flexible hierarchies that can aggregate observations of known and unknown biota.
- 2. **Programmers**: Deliver access to a novel data set that can be used to develop and evaluate state-of-the art data science and computer vision algorithms.
- 3. Enthusiasts: Enable direct contributions to marine science and participate in the ocean life discovery process.
- 4. Educators: Provide resources and access to ocean visual data that enables experiential learning opportunities.





www.iatlantic.eu



Standardisation - References

UniEuk

Universal taxonomic framework and integrated reference gene databases for Eukaryotic biology, ecology, and evolution



integrates information from relevant <u>genetic</u> markers and classical <u>morphology</u>-based data, and validated by a comprehensive network of taxonomy experts



... and interoperability



